

New Media Politics and
Policies in France from 1981
to 1986: What is Left?

by Thierry Vedel

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NEW MEDIA POLITICS AND POLICIES
IN FRANCE FROM 1981 TO 1986:
WHAT IS LEFT?

Thierry Vedel

Research Working Paper Series. 1987. Do not quote or
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Center for Telecommunications and Information Studies, 809
Uris Hall, Graduate School of Business, Columbia University,
New York, New York, 10027. (212) 280-4222

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4. 2019 年 1 月 1 日起，企业发生的符合条件的广告费和业务宣传费支出，不超过当年销售(营业)收入 15% 的部分，准予扣除；超过部分，准予在以后纳税年度结转扣除。

【例题 1】某企业 2019 年 1 月 1 日起，企业发生的符合条件的广告费和业务宣传费支出，不超过当年销售(营业)收入 15% 的部分，准予扣除；超过部分，准予在以后纳税年度结转扣除。

【例题 2】某企业 2019 年 1 月 1 日起，企业发生的符合条件的广告费和业务宣传费支出，不超过当年销售(营业)收入 15% 的部分，准予扣除；超过部分，准予在以后纳税年度结转扣除。

【例题 3】某企业 2019 年 1 月 1 日起，企业发生的符合条件的广告费和业务宣传费支出，不超过当年销售(营业)收入 15% 的部分，准予扣除；超过部分，准予在以后纳税年度结转扣除。

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【例题 5】某企业 2019 年 1 月 1 日起，企业发生的符合条件的广告费和业务宣传费支出，不超过当年销售(营业)收入 15% 的部分，准予扣除；超过部分，准予在以后纳税年度结转扣除。

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【例题 10】某企业 2019 年 1 月 1 日起，企业发生的符合条件的广告费和业务宣传费支出，不超过当年销售(营业)收入 15% 的部分，准予扣除；超过部分，准予在以后纳税年度结转扣除。

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exceeded \$1.5 billion in 1997, more than two billion French households
used the Internet, and the Ministry of Education was the
largest provider of access to the Internet, which was
equivalent to 70 percent of the total Internet market. The
success of the Internet program was due to the fact that the
government had a strong interest in the Internet as a
medium for education. The French system of education was
developed by the Ministry of Education. The Internet was developed
by the Ministry of Education, which was created in 1984 and the
Federal Republic of Germany, both countries that had launched
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concordancia en el uso de la lengua, la coherencia en el discurso, la claridad en la expresión de las ideas, la cohesión en la estructura del texto, la adecuación del lenguaje al contexto, la originalidad en la expresión de las ideas, la fluidez en la expresión de las ideas, la capacidad de argumentación y la capacidad de síntesis. La coherencia en el discurso se refiere a la lógica de las ideas que se expresan, a la conexión entre ellas y a la capacidad de desarrollar un argumento. La claridad en la expresión de las ideas se refiere a la capacidad de explicar las ideas de una manera sencilla y directa. La cohesión en la estructura del texto se refiere a la capacidad de organizar las ideas de una manera lógica y coherente. La adecuación del lenguaje al contexto se refiere a la capacidad de utilizar el lenguaje de una manera adecuada al tema y al contexto. La originalidad en la expresión de las ideas se refiere a la capacidad de presentar ideas nuevas y originales. La fluidez en la expresión de las ideas se refiere a la capacidad de expresar las ideas de una manera fluida y natural. La capacidad de argumentación se refiere a la capacidad de presentar argumentos sólidos y convincentes. La capacidad de síntesis se refiere a la capacidad de resumir las ideas de una manera concisa y clara.

La coherencia en el discurso es un requisito indispensable para que el lector pueda comprender el mensaje que se quiere transmitir. Para lograr la coherencia en el discurso, es necesario que el escritor organice sus ideas de una manera lógica y coherente. Esto implica que el escritor debe tener una idea clara de lo que quiere decir y de cómo quiere expresarlo. Además, el escritor debe utilizar conectores lógicos para unir sus ideas y para mostrar las relaciones entre ellas. La claridad en la expresión de las ideas es otro requisito indispensable para que el lector pueda comprender el mensaje que se quiere transmitir. Para lograr la claridad en la expresión de las ideas, es necesario que el escritor utilice un lenguaje sencillo y directo. Esto implica que el escritor debe evitar el uso de palabras complicadas y de frases largas y confusas. Además, el escritor debe utilizar ejemplos y analogías para explicar las ideas de una manera sencilla y clara.

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The first part of the paper discusses the importance of the expansion of the market for the firm's performance. It is argued that the expansion of the market is a necessary condition for the firm's performance to improve. This is because the expansion of the market provides the firm with a larger customer base, which in turn leads to higher sales and profits.

The second part of the paper discusses the importance of the firm's internal structure. It is argued that the firm's internal structure is a necessary condition for the firm's performance to improve. This is because the firm's internal structure determines the firm's ability to coordinate its resources and activities, which in turn leads to higher efficiency and productivity.

3.1. The Role of the Market

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The third part of the paper discusses the importance of the firm's external environment. It is argued that the firm's external environment is a necessary condition for the firm's performance to improve. This is because the firm's external environment determines the firm's ability to access resources and opportunities, which in turn leads to higher growth and profitability.

The fourth part of the paper discusses the importance of the firm's management. It is argued that the firm's management is a necessary condition for the firm's performance to improve. This is because the firm's management determines the firm's ability to make effective decisions and implement them, which in turn leads to higher performance and success.

The fifth part of the paper discusses the importance of the firm's technology. It is argued that the firm's technology is a necessary condition for the firm's performance to improve. This is because the firm's technology determines the firm's ability to produce goods and services more efficiently and effectively, which in turn leads to higher productivity and competitiveness.

The sixth part of the paper discusses the importance of the firm's human resources. It is argued that the firm's human resources are a necessary condition for the firm's performance to improve. This is because the firm's human resources determine the firm's ability to innovate and create value, which in turn leads to higher performance and success.

The seventh part of the paper discusses the importance of the firm's financial resources. It is argued that the firm's financial resources are a necessary condition for the firm's performance to improve. This is because the firm's financial resources determine the firm's ability to invest in research and development, which in turn leads to higher innovation and growth.

The first part of the paper discusses the importance of the research and the objectives of the study. It also outlines the methodology used in the study and the data sources.

The second part of the paper presents the results of the study and discusses the implications of the findings. It also provides a conclusion and some suggestions for further research.

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Appendix A: Data Sources

The data used in this study were obtained from the following sources:

The first part of the paper discusses the importance of the research and the objectives of the study.

The second part of the paper discusses the methodology used in the study and the results of the research.

The third part of the paper discusses the conclusions of the study and the implications of the findings.

The fourth part of the paper discusses the limitations of the study and the areas for future research.

The fifth part of the paper discusses the significance of the study and the contribution of the research.

The sixth part of the paper discusses the practical applications of the research and the policy implications.

References

The seventh part of the paper discusses the references used in the study and the sources of information.

The eighth part of the paper discusses the acknowledgments and the support received during the research.

The ninth part of the paper discusses the appendices and the additional information provided.

The tenth part of the paper discusses the index and the location of the various sections of the paper.

The eleventh part of the paper discusses the bibliography and the list of references.

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The Commission has also been very active in the field of economic and social policy. It has been particularly active in the field of industrial policy, and has been particularly active in the field of regional policy. It has also been very active in the field of agricultural policy, and has been particularly active in the field of rural development. It has also been very active in the field of environmental policy, and has been particularly active in the field of environmental quality. It has also been very active in the field of social policy, and has been particularly active in the field of social security. It has also been very active in the field of education policy, and has been particularly active in the field of higher education. It has also been very active in the field of research and development policy, and has been particularly active in the field of research and development funding.

The Commission has also been very active in the field of international relations. It has been particularly active in the field of international trade, and has been particularly active in the field of international trade negotiations. It has also been very active in the field of international development, and has been particularly active in the field of international development cooperation. It has also been very active in the field of international security, and has been particularly active in the field of international security cooperation. It has also been very active in the field of international law, and has been particularly active in the field of international law enforcement. It has also been very active in the field of international justice, and has been particularly active in the field of international justice enforcement.

The Commission has also been very active in the field of human rights. It has been particularly active in the field of human rights protection, and has been particularly active in the field of human rights promotion. It has also been very active in the field of human rights education, and has been particularly active in the field of human rights education promotion. It has also been very active in the field of human rights research, and has been particularly active in the field of human rights research promotion. It has also been very active in the field of human rights law, and has been particularly active in the field of human rights law enforcement. It has also been very active in the field of human rights justice, and has been particularly active in the field of human rights justice enforcement.

Матрица обратная матрице A^{-1} имеет вид $A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det A} \text{adj} A$, где $\text{adj} A$ — матрица алгебраических дополнений элементов матрицы A . Элементы матрицы $\text{adj} A$ вычисляются по формулам $a_{ij} = (-1)^{i+j} \det A_{ji}$, где A_{ji} — матрица, полученная из A вычеркиванием j -го столбца и i -го строки.

Свойства обратной матрицы: $A^{-1}A = AA^{-1} = E$, где E — единичная матрица. Если A — обратимая матрица, то $(A^{-1})^{-1} = A$. Обратная матрица существует тогда и только тогда, когда $\det A \neq 0$.

Свойства обратной матрицы (продолжение):

1. $(A^{-1})^{-1} = A$

2. Если A и B — обратимые матрицы, то $(AB)^{-1} = B^{-1}A^{-1}$.
3. Если A — обратимая матрица, то $(A^T)^{-1} = (A^{-1})^T$.
4. Если A — обратимая матрица, то $(kA)^{-1} = \frac{1}{k}A^{-1}$, где $k \neq 0$.

Свойства обратной матрицы (продолжение):

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6. Если A и B — обратимые матрицы, то $(AB)^{-1} = B^{-1}A^{-1}$.
7. Если A — обратимая матрица, то $(A^T)^{-1} = (A^{-1})^T$.
8. Если A — обратимая матрица, то $(kA)^{-1} = \frac{1}{k}A^{-1}$, где $k \neq 0$.

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Section 10

The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records.

It is essential to ensure that all data is properly documented and stored.

Section 11

The second part of the document outlines the procedures for data collection.

Procedures should be established to ensure consistency and reliability of data.

Data collection methods should be clearly defined and standardized.

Regular monitoring and evaluation of data collection processes are necessary.

It is important to maintain a clear chain of custody for all data collected.

Data should be stored securely and access should be restricted to authorized personnel.

Regular backups of data should be performed to prevent loss.

The final part of the document provides a summary of the key findings.

The results of the study indicate that there is a significant correlation between the variables.

These findings have important implications for the field of research.

Further research is needed to explore the underlying mechanisms.

The study was supported by the National Science Foundation.

The authors would like to thank the participants for their contribution.

For more information, please contact the corresponding author.

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For a complete list of references, please see the full document.

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Section 1

The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records. It highlights that proper documentation is essential for ensuring the integrity and reliability of the data collected. The text emphasizes the need for consistency in data entry and the importance of regular audits to identify and correct any discrepancies. It also mentions the role of technology in streamlining record-keeping processes and reducing the risk of human error.

Section 2

The second part of the document focuses on the challenges faced by organizations in managing their data. It identifies common issues such as data silos, inconsistent formats, and limited access to information. The text suggests several strategies to overcome these challenges, including implementing data integration tools, standardizing data formats, and establishing clear data governance policies. It also discusses the importance of training employees on data management best practices and the role of leadership in fostering a data-driven culture.

Section 3

The third part of the document explores the future of data management. It discusses emerging trends such as cloud-based data storage, artificial intelligence, and big data analytics. The text highlights the potential of these technologies to revolutionize data management by enabling faster processing, improved insights, and enhanced security. It also addresses the ethical considerations and privacy concerns associated with these technologies and offers recommendations for organizations to navigate these challenges responsibly.

Section 4

The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that every entry should be supported by a valid receipt or invoice. This ensures transparency and allows for easy verification of the data.

Furthermore, it is noted that the records should be kept in a secure and accessible format. Regular backups are recommended to prevent data loss in the event of a system failure or security breach.

The second part of the document outlines the procedures for handling discrepancies. It states that any inconsistencies should be investigated immediately and reported to the relevant authority. This process should be thorough and documented to identify the root cause and prevent future occurrences.

Finally, the document concludes by reiterating the commitment to high standards of accuracy and integrity. It encourages all staff members to adhere strictly to the established protocols and to report any concerns promptly.

APPENDIX A: DETAILED RECORDS AND ANALYSIS

This section provides a detailed overview of the data collected over the reporting period. It includes a summary of the total volume of transactions, categorized by type and value. The data shows a steady increase in activity throughout the year, with a notable peak in the fourth quarter.

The following table summarizes the key performance indicators (KPIs) for each quarter:

Quarter	Total Transactions	Average Value	Growth Rate (%)
Q1	12,500	\$150	5.2
Q2	13,800	\$160	10.4
Q3	15,200	\$170	15.6
Q4	18,500	\$185	21.8

The analysis also identifies several areas for improvement. For instance, there is a need to streamline the reporting process to reduce the time spent on data entry and reconciliation. Additionally, enhancing the security of the data storage systems is a priority to protect sensitive information.

In conclusion, the data indicates a positive trend in overall performance. By addressing the identified challenges and implementing the suggested improvements, the organization is well-positioned to achieve its strategic goals for the coming year.

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opening of market niche that would revitalize the national electronics industry at a time when the market for "classical" navigation equipment was approaching saturation. Market surveys indicated that DWS was an ideal means of transmission for the underdeveloped countries or for regions with an unfavorable geography (e.g., Scandinavia or the Pacific region). Moreover, the United States had not established a lead in this field, because of domestic regulations.

Also at this time, the West German government was in the process of ending of the east negotiations in 1974, it had stalled the beginnings of a cooperative European project (H SAT) by pulling out and drawing up its own project instead. Accordingly, the French government made known to the West German government its own interest in this "market niche" and proposed that the two countries collaborate in this field.

After the Franco-German summit of October, 1979, on April 29, 1980, the two countries signed a formal treaty on technical and industrial cooperation in the field of DWS. It envisaged the construction of three satellites: one satellite for West Germany (DWS SAT) was to be launched in April, 1985, one satellite for France (DWS F) was to follow in June, 1985, and a reserve satellite was also planned. Each of these satellites had a power of 250W and was designed to provide three channels that could be used simultaneously by any vessel equipped with a

early stages of the TTF-1 projects, notably the Longshandian
project in Sichuan. The French government's role in this
project was not limited to providing technical assistance,
but also included providing financial support. The French
government provided a loan of 100 million francs to the
Chinese government in 1987, which was used to purchase the
TTF-1 project. The French government also provided technical
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and equipment.

The second principal question related to the reprocessing of TFF 1 (NFI 100) is the French Government's position. Several French officials have said that they have observed TFF 1 to be "operational" and that they will be able to receive and process TFF 1 at a later date. The availability of a national, private, based, or local, facility in France (the French defense and security establishment) and NFIAD (a public holding company) has been stated by the French officials. However, the principal question is whether the French officials are able to receive and process TFF 1. The availability of this facility is not apparent. The French officials could refuse to buy the data if they are not able to process it. However, if they do buy the data, they would be able to process it. The availability of this facility is not apparent.

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The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes the need for transparency and accountability in financial reporting. The second part of the document provides a detailed overview of the company's financial performance over the past year, including revenue, expenses, and profit margins. The third part of the document outlines the company's strategic goals for the upcoming year, focusing on growth, innovation, and customer satisfaction. The fourth part of the document discusses the company's commitment to social responsibility and environmental sustainability. The fifth part of the document provides a summary of the company's overall financial health and outlook for the future.

The first part of the document is a letter from the author to the editor, dated 10th March 1954. The letter is written in a very formal and polite style, and is addressed to the editor of the 'Journal of the Royal Society'. The author, who is a young man, is writing to inform the editor of his intention to submit a paper for consideration. He mentions that the paper is on the subject of 'The Structure of the Earth's Crust' and that he has been working on it for some time. He also mentions that he has been advised by his supervisor to submit the paper to the 'Journal of the Royal Society'. The letter concludes with a request for the editor to accept the paper for consideration and to provide the author with the necessary information regarding the submission process.

The second part of the document is a letter from the editor to the author, dated 15th March 1954. The letter is written in a very formal and polite style, and is addressed to the author. The editor is writing to inform the author that his paper has been accepted for consideration. He mentions that the paper is of a high standard and that it is of interest to the members of the Society. He also mentions that the paper will be published in the next issue of the 'Journal of the Royal Society'. The letter concludes with a request for the author to provide the necessary information regarding the submission process.

The failure of TDF 1 that the Minister's scope for initiative was severely constrained.

Although no economic measures were mentioned, seemed to be a...
The scope of leading members' work notably in June, 1983, an
official agreement was in fact signed. From January 1984 onwards,
the French Government Minister disposed of a new group card
for providing TDF to ENIA's facilities to exceed the capacity of TDF
1 in four channels, thus widening the range of future franchisees.
However, in May 1983, the development of TDF 1 reached a stage
of great confusion. While Georges Fillard seemed to have
concluded agreement with Jacques Sauter, the Socialist Finance
Minister of Luxembourg, for the utilization of the TDF 1
channels, the Luxembourg government announced the intention to
create a new, as Government-backed company, called Comsat, to
operate a GSM satellite that would be more advanced than TDF 1
via channels. In the months that followed, the French
government exerted pressure on the Luxembourg authorities, both
directly and indirectly. Thus, the legislative elections in
Luxembourg of July, 1984, saw Jacques Sauter the new head of
government in that country, and he facilitated the
development of the Comsat.

In October 1984, an official agreement was signed between
Georges Fillard and Jacques Sauter. It concluded that the COM
could be allowed to operate two channels on TDF-1, one

The first part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the effects of the 1997-1998 Asian financial crisis on the real economy of the Asian countries. The second part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the effects of the 1997-1998 Asian financial crisis on the financial markets of the Asian countries. The third part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the effects of the 1997-1998 Asian financial crisis on the labor market of the Asian countries. The fourth part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the effects of the 1997-1998 Asian financial crisis on the government budget of the Asian countries. The fifth part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the effects of the 1997-1998 Asian financial crisis on the foreign exchange market of the Asian countries. The sixth part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the effects of the 1997-1998 Asian financial crisis on the money market of the Asian countries. The seventh part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the effects of the 1997-1998 Asian financial crisis on the bond market of the Asian countries. The eighth part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the effects of the 1997-1998 Asian financial crisis on the stock market of the Asian countries. The ninth part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the effects of the 1997-1998 Asian financial crisis on the derivatives market of the Asian countries. The tenth part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the effects of the 1997-1998 Asian financial crisis on the real estate market of the Asian countries. The eleventh part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the effects of the 1997-1998 Asian financial crisis on the insurance market of the Asian countries. The twelfth part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the effects of the 1997-1998 Asian financial crisis on the pension market of the Asian countries. The thirteenth part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the effects of the 1997-1998 Asian financial crisis on the social security market of the Asian countries. The fourteenth part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the effects of the 1997-1998 Asian financial crisis on the health care market of the Asian countries. The fifteenth part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the effects of the 1997-1998 Asian financial crisis on the education market of the Asian countries. The sixteenth part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the effects of the 1997-1998 Asian financial crisis on the culture market of the Asian countries. The seventeenth part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the effects of the 1997-1998 Asian financial crisis on the sports market of the Asian countries. The eighteenth part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the effects of the 1997-1998 Asian financial crisis on the entertainment market of the Asian countries. The nineteenth part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the effects of the 1997-1998 Asian financial crisis on the media market of the Asian countries. The twentieth part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the effects of the 1997-1998 Asian financial crisis on the information market of the Asian countries.

1. 2019 年 1 月 1 日起，企业发生的符合条件的广告费和业务宣传费支出，不超过当年销售（营业）收入 15% 的部分，准予扣除；超过部分，准予在以后纳税年度结转扣除。

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The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that every entry should be supported by a valid receipt or invoice. This ensures transparency and allows for easy verification of the data.

In the second section, the author outlines the various methods used to collect and analyze the data. This includes both manual data entry and the use of specialized software tools. The goal is to ensure that the data is both accurate and easy to interpret.

The third part of the document provides a detailed breakdown of the results. It shows that there is a clear trend in the data, which is consistent with the initial hypothesis. The author also discusses the limitations of the study and suggests areas for future research.

Finally, the document concludes with a summary of the key findings. It reiterates the importance of accurate data collection and the value of the insights gained from the analysis. The author expresses confidence in the results and hopes that they will be helpful to others in the field.

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The first part of the document is a letter from the author to the editor of the journal. The letter discusses the author's interest in the journal and the author's qualifications for the position. The author mentions that they have a Ph.D. in Psychology and have worked for several years in a research laboratory. The author also mentions that they have published several papers in the field of psychology.

The second part of the document is a letter from the editor to the author. The editor thanks the author for their letter and expresses interest in the author's qualifications. The editor mentions that they have reviewed the author's resume and are impressed with the author's experience. The editor also mentions that they have a few questions about the author's research and would like to see some of the author's work.

The third part of the document is a letter from the author to the editor. The author responds to the editor's questions and provides more information about their research. The author mentions that they have been studying the effects of stress on memory and have found some interesting results. The author also mentions that they have a few more papers in the field of psychology and would like to see if the editor would be interested in reviewing them.

The fourth part of the document is a letter from the editor to the author. The editor thanks the author for their response and expresses interest in the author's research. The editor mentions that they have reviewed the author's research and are impressed with the author's findings. The editor also mentions that they have a few more questions about the author's research and would like to see some of the author's work.