## Polling Questions

By using polling questions, you are helping students stay engaged. It also can also lessen stress around cold/warm calling by helping to reveal whether the class is prepared for discussion. Below are sample polls you can consider using:

| Sample Survey Strategies | Specific Examples / Language |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ask administrative questions - to make sure students are keeping up on course milestones. | - "The next review session is: <br> (1) Wed at 5 pm <br> (2) Fri at noon" |
| Ask about personal experiences - helps you to get confidential/sensitive/personal information anonymously (debt, income, etc.) for class discussion that places the students' own data into context so they can internalize the discussion. | - "How would you generally rate your flying experience on Jetblue?" |
| Ask preparation questions - helps determine the extent to which you will have to review information before jumping into the discussion. | - "I am prepared \& ready to discuss the Walmart case." (Yes/No) <br> - "Last class, we learned that when the yield on a firm's bond is increasing, the liability is: <br> (1) Decreasing <br> (2) Unchanged <br> (3) Increasing <br> (4) Cannot tell from info provided" |
| Ask content and decision questions - helps you gauge student comprehension of key course concepts. | - "What equity value does your DCF show?" <br> - "When using accrual accounting, revenues should be recognized when they are: <br> (1) Realized (or realizable) <br> (2) Earned <br> (3) Either earned or realized (or realizable) <br> (4) Both earned and realized (or realizable) <br> (5) Any time after they are earned and realized (or realizable)" <br> - "Shall we lend to this company?" <br> - "Should Mountain Man beer launch a light beer regionally?" |
| Solicit feedback and/or conduct pulse checks - check in on pacing and students' connection to learnings. | - "This is class is going: <br> (1) Too slow <br> (2) Too fast <br> (3) Just right" <br> - "The midterm exam allowed me to demonstrate what I have learned in the class so far (scale of 1-5)." |
| Ask dynamic questions - amplify changes in opinion before and after discussion. | - Ask a question: "Are you willing to give me a loan?" <br> - Facilitate an open discussion. <br> - Then see how answers change: "On second thought, are you willing to give me a loan?" |
| Co-create questions - acts as an open question, calling on student feedback. | - "What should the tax expense be?" <br> (1) <br> (2) $\overline{18}$ <br> (3) - <br> (4) $\overline{24}$ <br> (5) - |

